4092. Adulteration of butter. U. S. y. 110 Pounds and 285 Pounds of Butter. Default decrees of condemnation. Product ordered disposed of for war purposes. (F. D. C. Nos. 8234, 8235. Sample Nos. 21508-F, 21509-F.)

On August 1 and August 4, 1942, the United States attorney for the Western District of Pennsylvania filed libels against 395 pounds of butter at Pittsburgh, Pa., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about July 6 and July 20, 1942, by the Farmers Produce Association from Crawfordsville, Ind.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy or decomposed animal substance. The article was labeled in part: "Pride O'Farm Brand Creamery Butter, Distributed by Swift & Company, General Office, Chicago, Ill."

On September 24, 1942, no claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation were entered and it was ordered that the product be disposed of for war

purposes as directed by the War Production Board.

4093. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 39 Cases and 168 Cases of Butter. Default decree of condemnation. Product ordered sold for technical war uses. (F. D. C. Nos. 8238, 8239. Sample Nos. 24439-F, 24440-F.)

On August 18, 1942, the United States attorney for the District of Maryland filed libels against 207 cases, each containing 32 1-pound prints or rolls, of butter at Baltimore, Md., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about July 28 and August 1, 1942, by the National Butter Co., from Dubuque, Iowa; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy or decomposed substance. The article was labeled in part: "SK Highland Fancy Creamery Butter Distributors The Wm. Schluderberg—T. J. Kurdle Company, Baltimore, Md."

On October 14, 1942, no claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation were entered and the product was ordered sold to a concern engaged in producing

fats for war purposes.

4094. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 52 Boxes of Butter. Default decree of condemnation. Product ordered sold as reclaimed fats. (F. D. C. No. 7982. Sample Nos. 24002–F, 24029–F.)

On July 11, 1942, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Virginia filed a libel against 52 boxes, each containing 12 1-pound cartons, of butter at Norfolk, Va., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about June 18, 1942, by the Tri-State Butter Co., from Cincinnati, Ohio; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy or decomposed animal substance and was otherwise unfit for food. The article was labeled in part: "Sunnydale Creamery Butter."

On January 21, 1943, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the marshal sell the butter, but that he first see that it was made unfit for any purpose other than for reclaimed fats.

4095. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 2 Cases of Butter. Default decree of condemnation. Product ordered rendered and disposed of as directed by the War Production Board. (F. D. C. No. 8293. Sample No. 83310-E.)

On or about July 27, 1942, the United States attorney for the Western District of Louisiana filed a libel against 2 cases of butter at Alexandria, La., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about June 5, 1942, by the Kadane Creamery Co. from Dallas, Tex.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance. The article was labeled in part: "Rapides' Tip-Top Creamery Butter, Rapides Packing Co., Inc., Alexandria, La.—Distributors."

On January 25, 1943, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be rendered and disposed of in

accordance with instructions from the War Production Board.

4096. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 54 Pounds and 32 Pounds of Butter. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. Product ordered disposed of for war purposes. (F. D. C. No. 8290. Sample Nos. 21518-F, 21519-F.)

On August 15, 1942, the United States attorney for the Western District of Pennsylvania filed a libel against 86 pounds of butter at Pittsburgh, Pa., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 6, 1942, by the Blue Valley Creamery Co. from Columbus, Ohio; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy or decomposed animal substance. The article was labeled in part: "Quaker Town Brand Butter Distributed by Baer Food Products, New Castle, Pennsylvania."

On September 24, 1942, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered delivered to the War Production Board to be salvaged for war purposes.

4097. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 105 Cartons of Butter. Default decree of condemnation. Product ordered sold for war purposes. (F. D. C. No. 8083. Sample No. 21103-F.)

On July 24, 1942, the United States attorney for the Western District of New York filed a libel against 105 30-pound cartons of butter at Buffalo, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about June 22, 1942, by the Producers Dairy Marketing Association, from Orleans, Ind.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy or decomposed animal substance. The article was labeled in part: "Good-Ness Brand Creamery Butter."

On September 23, 1942, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed. On October 7, 1942, an amended decree was entered ordering the product sold to a rendering firm and

the fat salvaged for war purposes.

4098. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 30 Cartons of Butter (and 2 additional seizure actions against butter). Decrees of condemnation. Portions ordered sold for technical war purposes. Remainder released under bond to be disposed of as animal feed. (F. D. C. Nos. 7970, 7971, 8543. Sample Nos. 77149-E, 77151-E, 77152-E, 4546-F to 4548-F, incl.)

Between July 1 and September 25, 1942, the United States attorneys for the Middle District of Pennsylvania and the Southern District of Ohio filed libels against 30 cartons and 19 cases, each containing 32 1-pound rolls or prints, of butter at Harrisburg, Pa., and 34 boxes, each containing 63 pounds, of butter at Cincinnati, Ohio, alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce in the period from on or about June 24 to on or about September 13, 1942, by the Merchants Creamery Co., Inc., from Cincinnati, Ohio, and Springfield, Mo.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy or decomposed substance. It was labeled in part: "Bulk Butter," "Country Style Roll Butter Distributed by J. H. Kreamer & Co., Harrisburg, Pa.," "Springfield Brand Butter," or "Clover Brand Creamery Butter."

On September 11 and September 14, 1942, no claimant having appeared for the

On September 11 and September 14, 1942, no claimant having appeared for the portion of the article located at Harrisburg, judgments of condemnation were entered and the product was ordered sold to the highest bidder to be mixed with inedible grease and disposed of for technical war purposes. On October 21, 1942, the Merchants Creamery Co., Inc., of Cincinnati, Ohio, having admitted the allegations of the libel covering that portion located at Cincinnati, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond for reconditioning under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration, and

disposition as animal feed.

4099. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 17 Boxes and 11 Boxes of Butter. Default decree of condemnation. Product ordered sold for technical uses. (F. D. C. No. 8082. Sample No. 14002–F.)

On July 27, 1942, the United States attorney for the Southern District of California filed a libel against 28 boxes, each containing 68 pounds, of butter at Los Angeles, Calif., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about July 19, 1942, by Mountain States Creamery Co. from Denver, Colo.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy and decomposed animal substance.

On September 9, 1942, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered sold for soap-making under the super-

vision of the Food and Drug Administration.

4100. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 2 Cases of Butter. Default decree of condemnation. Product ordered sold for technical purposes. (F. D. C. No. 8292. Sample No. 29013-F.)

On August 18, 1942, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Georgia filed a libel against 2 cases, each containing 32 1-pound cartons, of butter at Atlanta, Ga., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 14, 1942, by the Nantahala Creamery, from Franklin, N. C.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy and decomposed substance.

On September 30, 1942, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered denatured and sold for fat for

technical purposes.